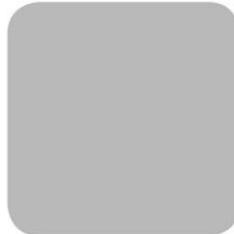




# The Long Tail of Business Processes

## Virtual Lecture Series on Business Process Management



## Say “Hi” to Dave!

- This is **Dave**
- **For the past 10 years**, Dave has successfully led his medium-sized company as CEO
- He’s **always relied on BPM** to leverage organizational performance



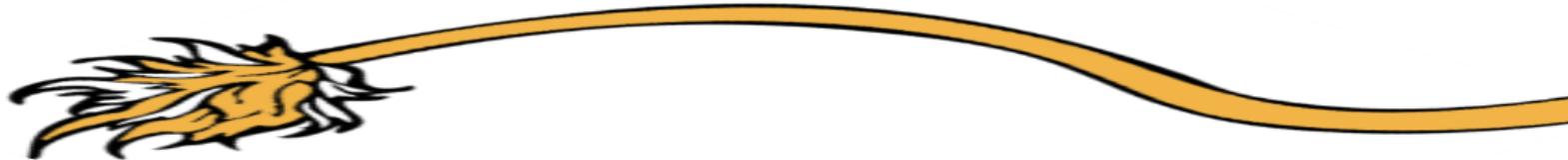
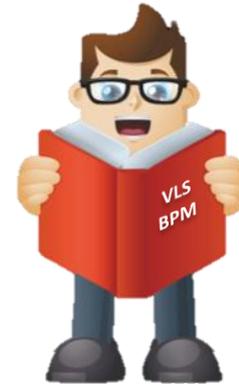
## Say “Hi” to Dave!

- This is **Dave**.
- **For the past 10 years**, Dave has successfully led his medium-sized company as CEO
- He’s **always relied on BPM** to leverage organizational performance
- Recently, however, **Dave’s company is increasingly losing market shares** to competitors – especially to highly digitalized start-ups



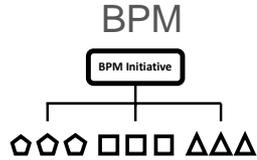
## Say “Hi” to Dave!

- Dave’s **smart**, though
- Dave read about the ongoing **infusion of digital technology**, the **ongoing digital transformation** of businesses and highly **disruptive business model innovations**
- Ultimately, he read about the **Long Tail of Business Processes**



# “Digitalization Is Eating Traditional BPM”

Top-down organized



Finance



HR



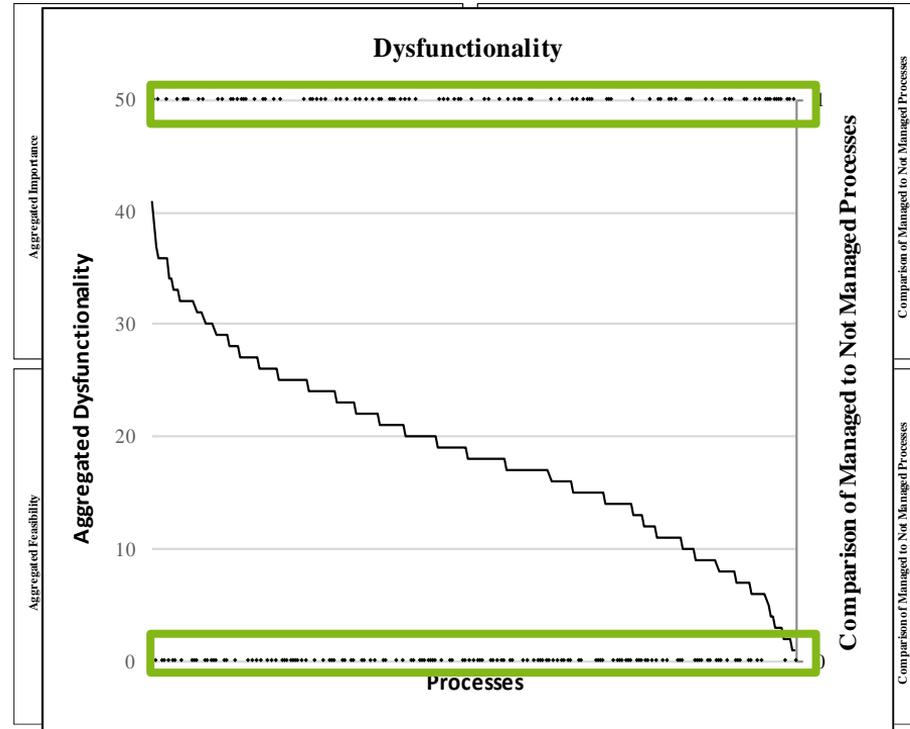
Bottom-up organized BPM

In practice, we observe two kinds of BPM

## A Case with a Medium-sized Enterprise

- A medium-sized enterprise executes **235** processes important enough to have a process owner
  - Traditional BPM suggests to manage a **handful** of them at a time
  - That's less than **5%** !
- 
- 95% do not receive adequate attention due to their cost-benefit ratio
  - Do these 5% really only account for 20% of the value?
  - Or is it more...?

## Distribution of Managed Processes



Fischer et al. (2020)

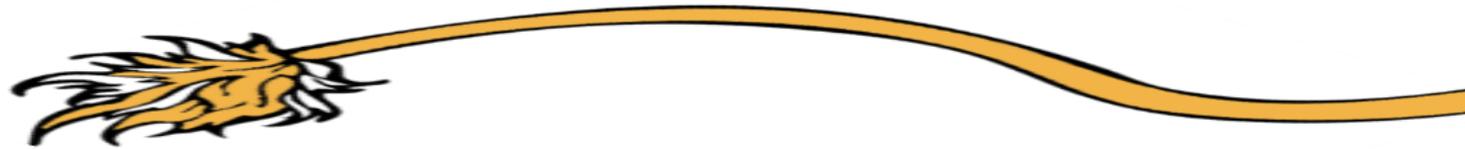
## Intermediate Findings

- Our findings indicate, that **neither central nor decentral BPM approaches** can fully realize the improvement potential in all processes of an organization

Intermission:  
Some theory

## Long Tail Economics

- If you thought this was the **long tail**, you got it all wrong:



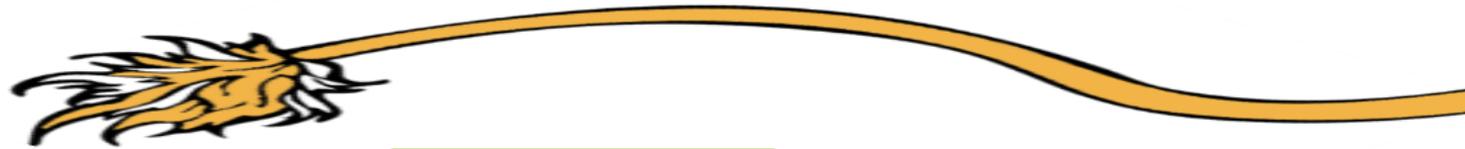
- That's more like it:



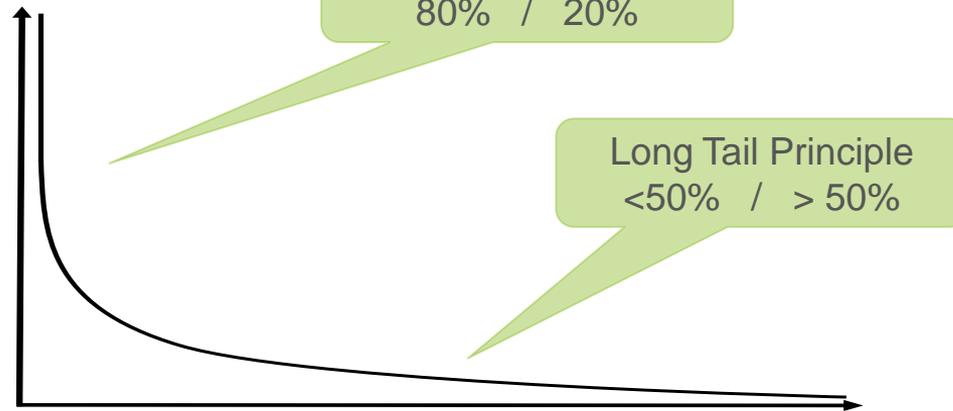
Cf. Anderson (2006)

## Long Tail Economics

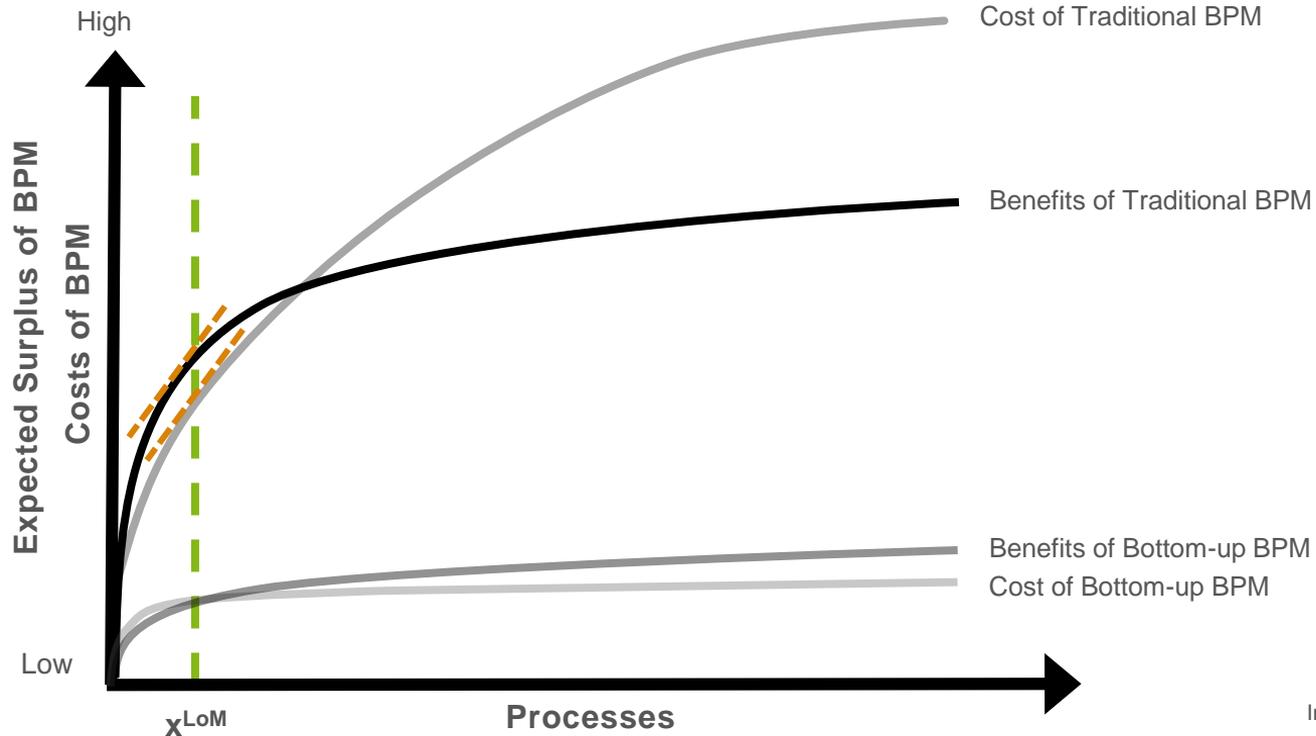
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- That's more like it:

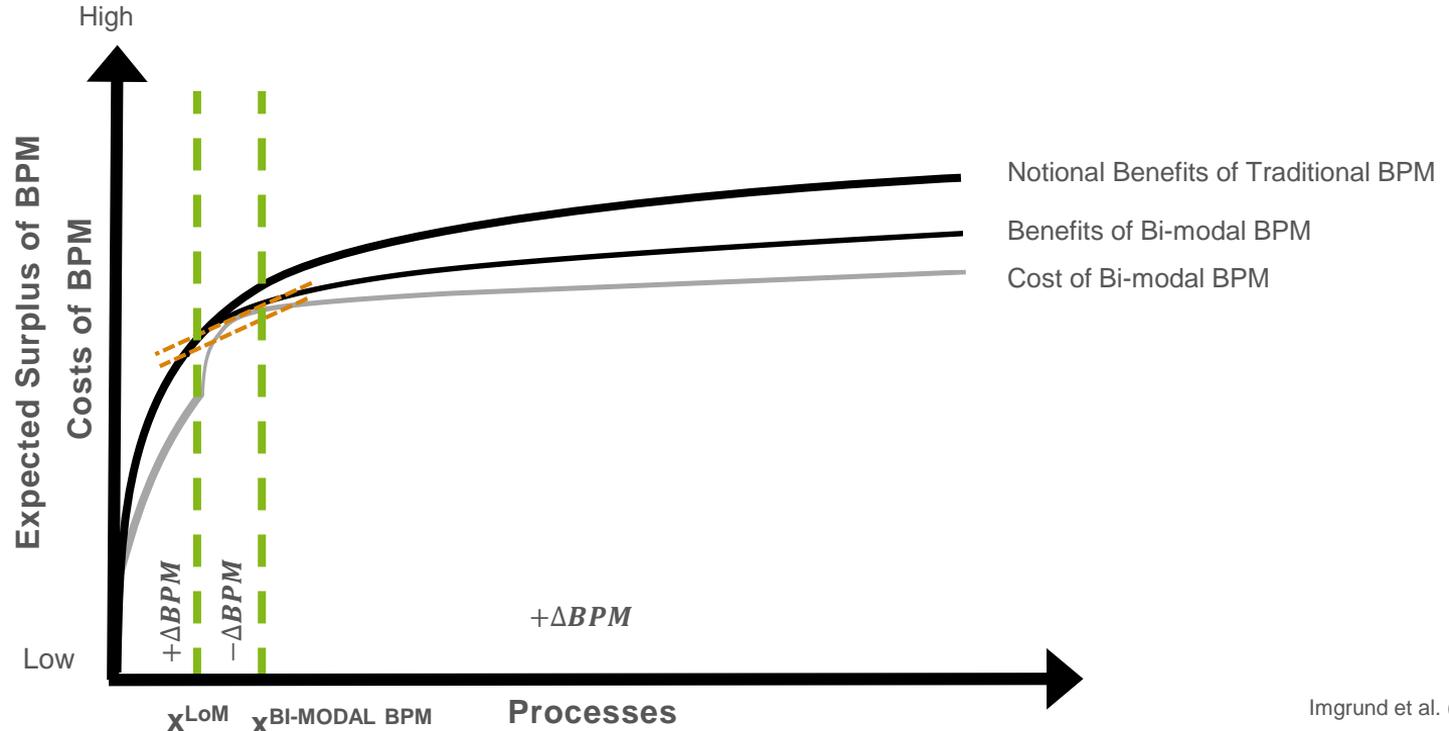


## The Long Tail of Processes



Imgrund et al. (2017)

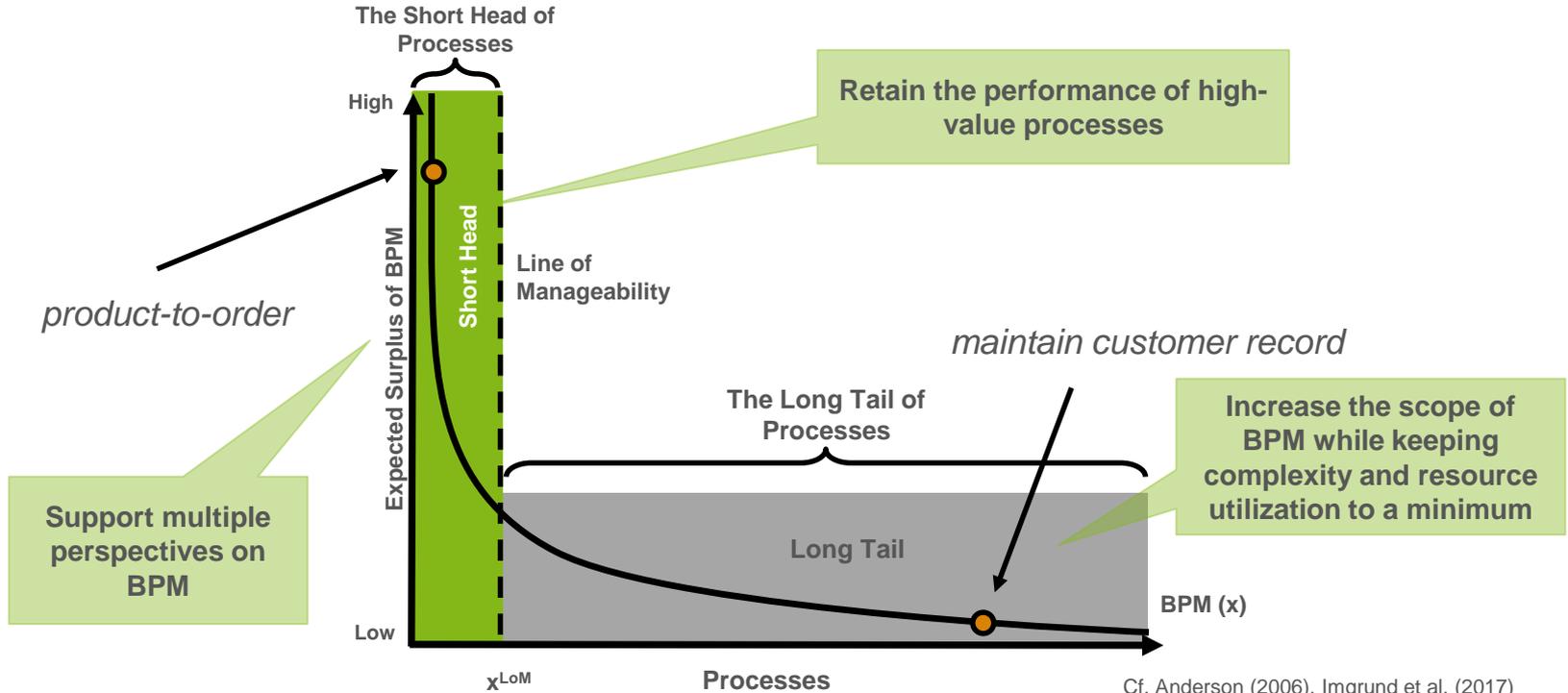
## The Long Tail of Processes



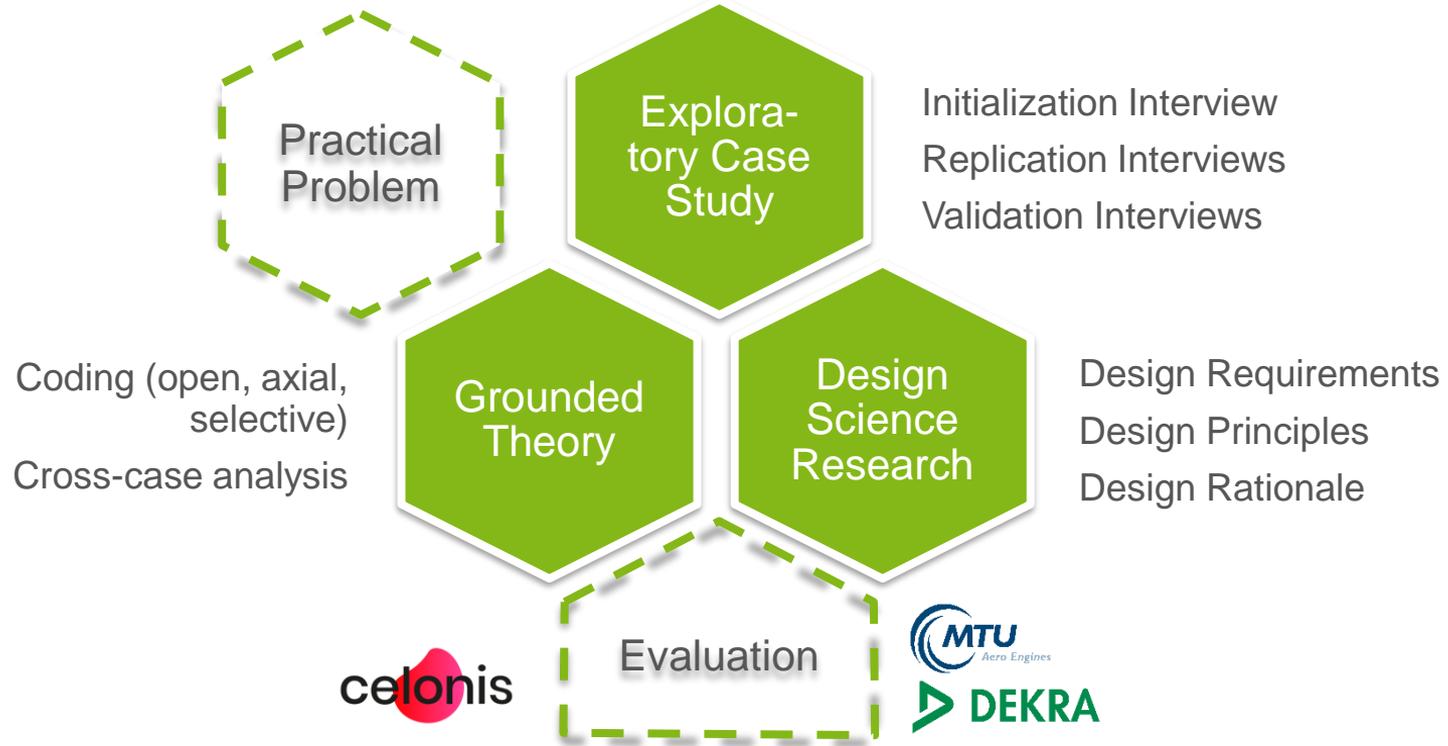
Imgrund et al. (2017)

OK. We're back!

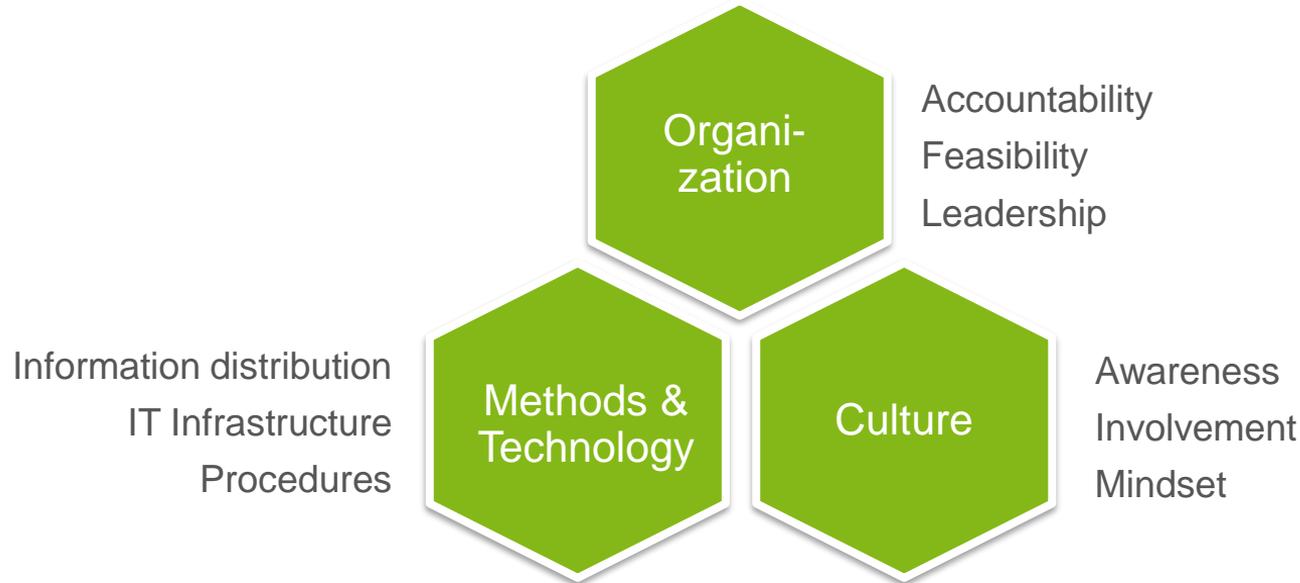
# The Long Tail of Processes



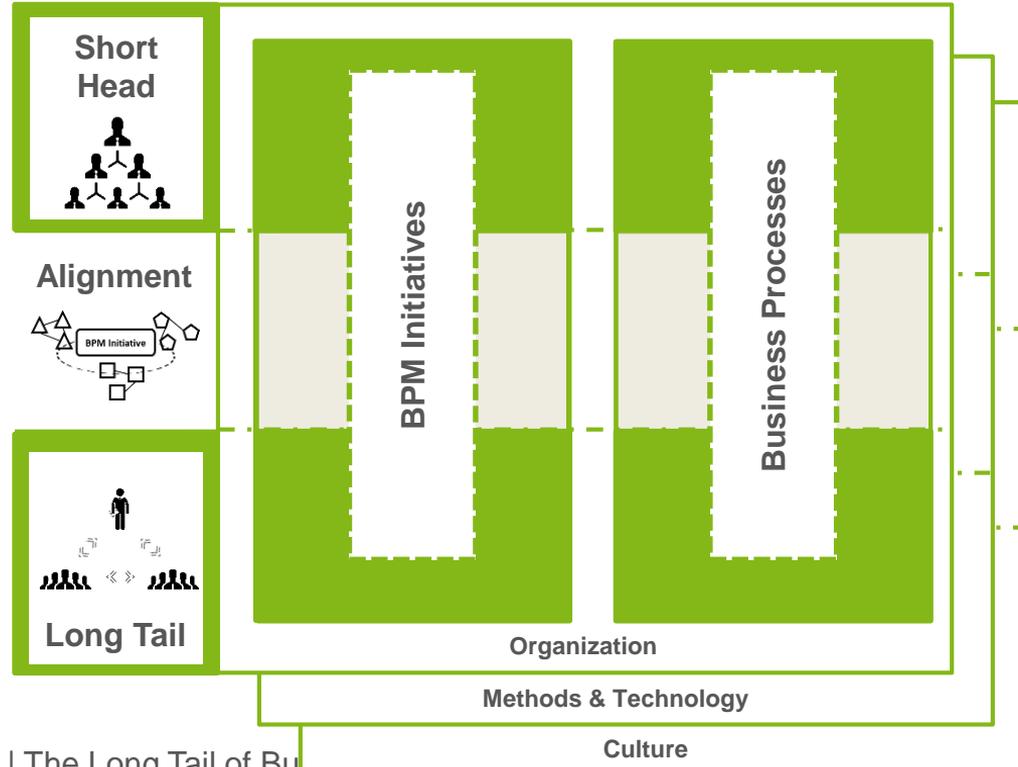
# Theory-generating Design Science Research



## Emerging Concepts and Dimensions

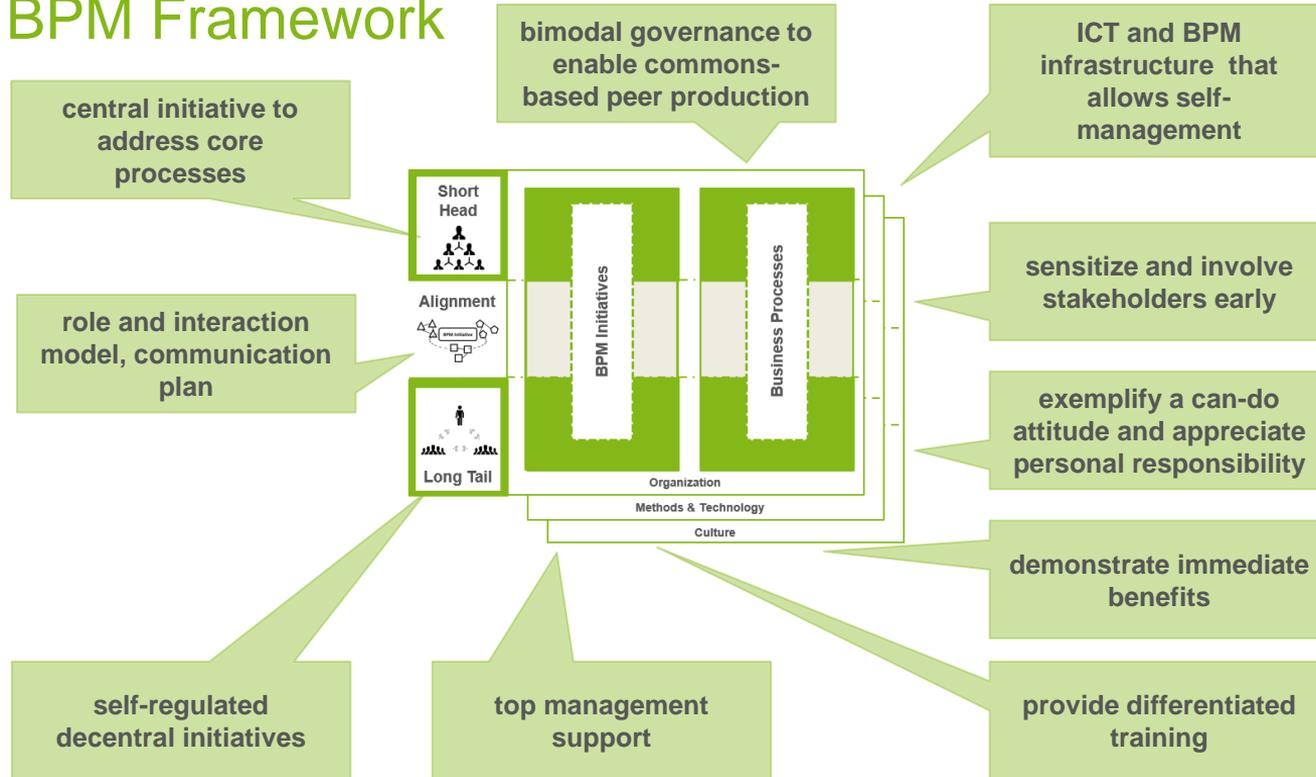


## Bi-modal BPM Framework

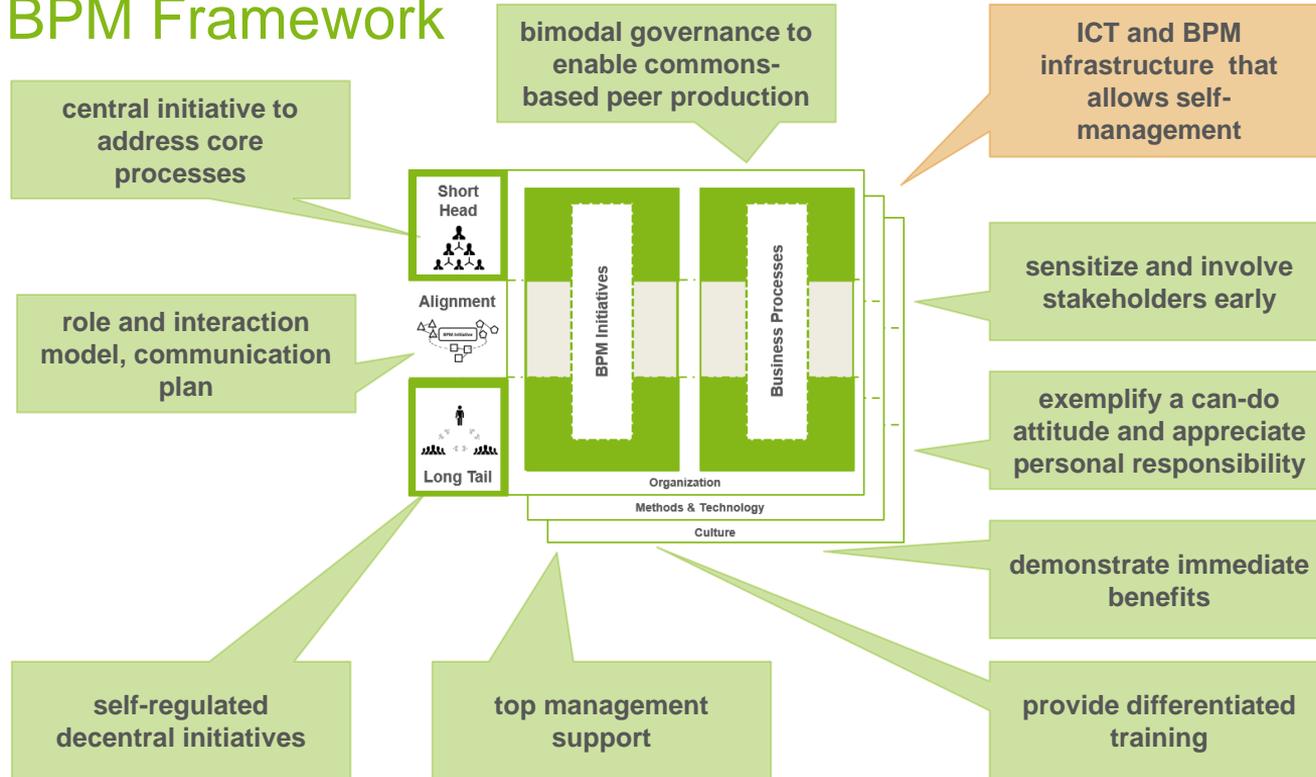


Imgrund et al. (2018)

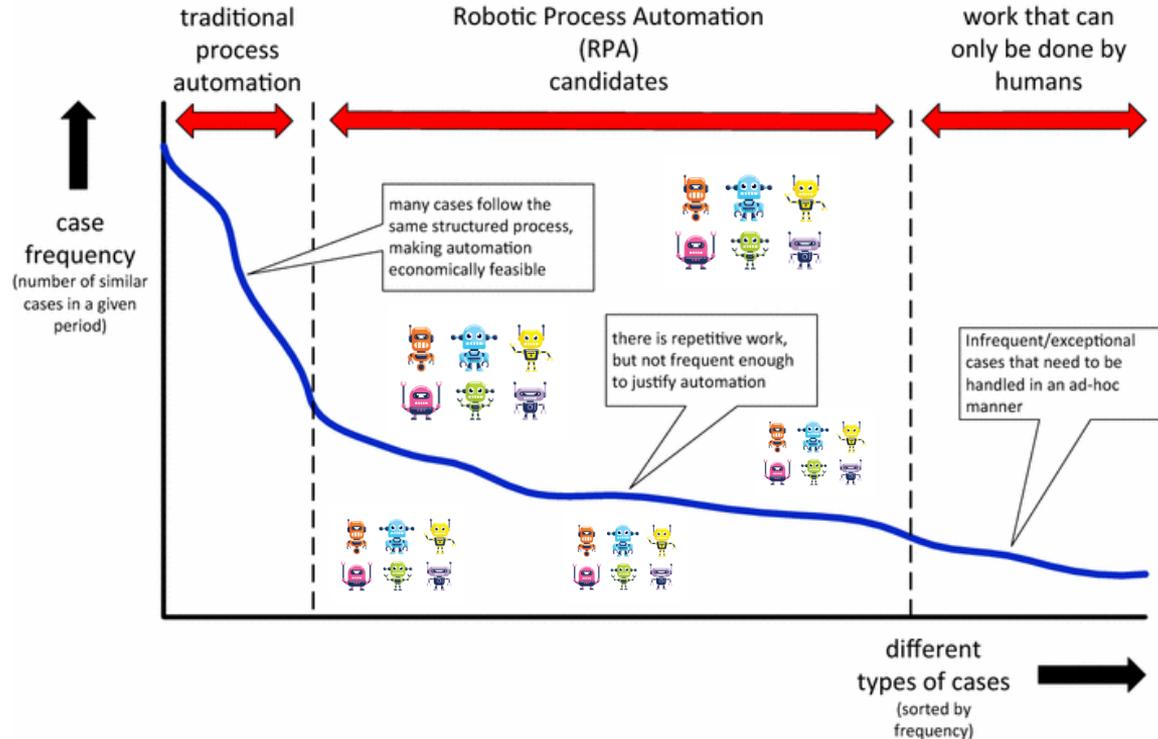
# Bi-modal BPM Framework



# Bi-modal BPM Framework

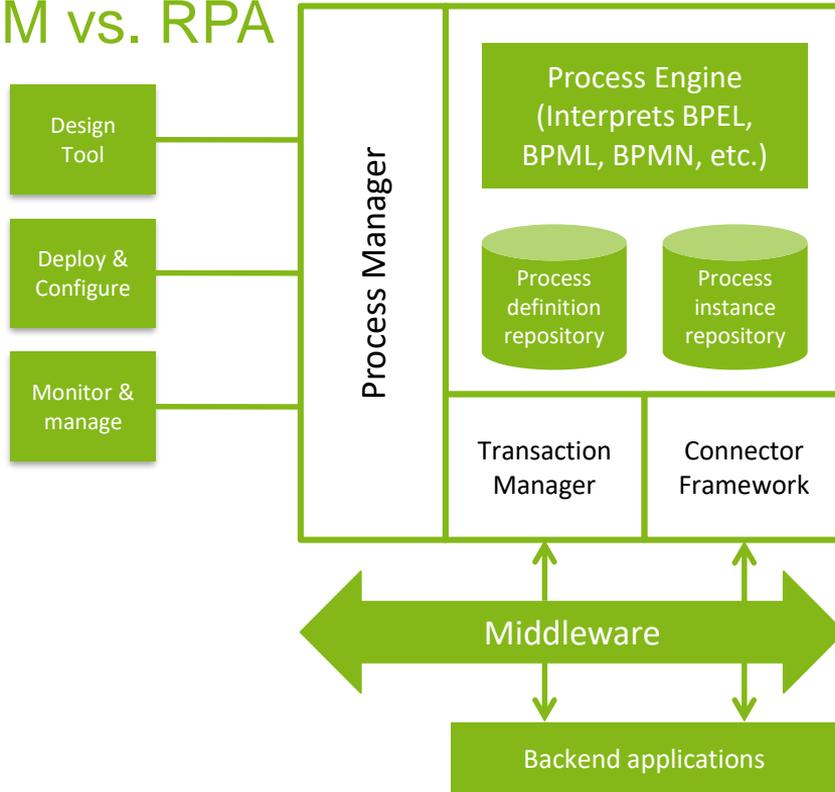


# Robotic Process Automation: Making the Long Tail Work



van der Aalst et al. (2018)

## BPM vs. RPA



### Build Time

Process Design & Definition

Business Process Analysis,  
Modeling & Definition Tools

Process  
Definition

### Run Time

Process Instantiation  
& Control

Workflow Enactment  
Service

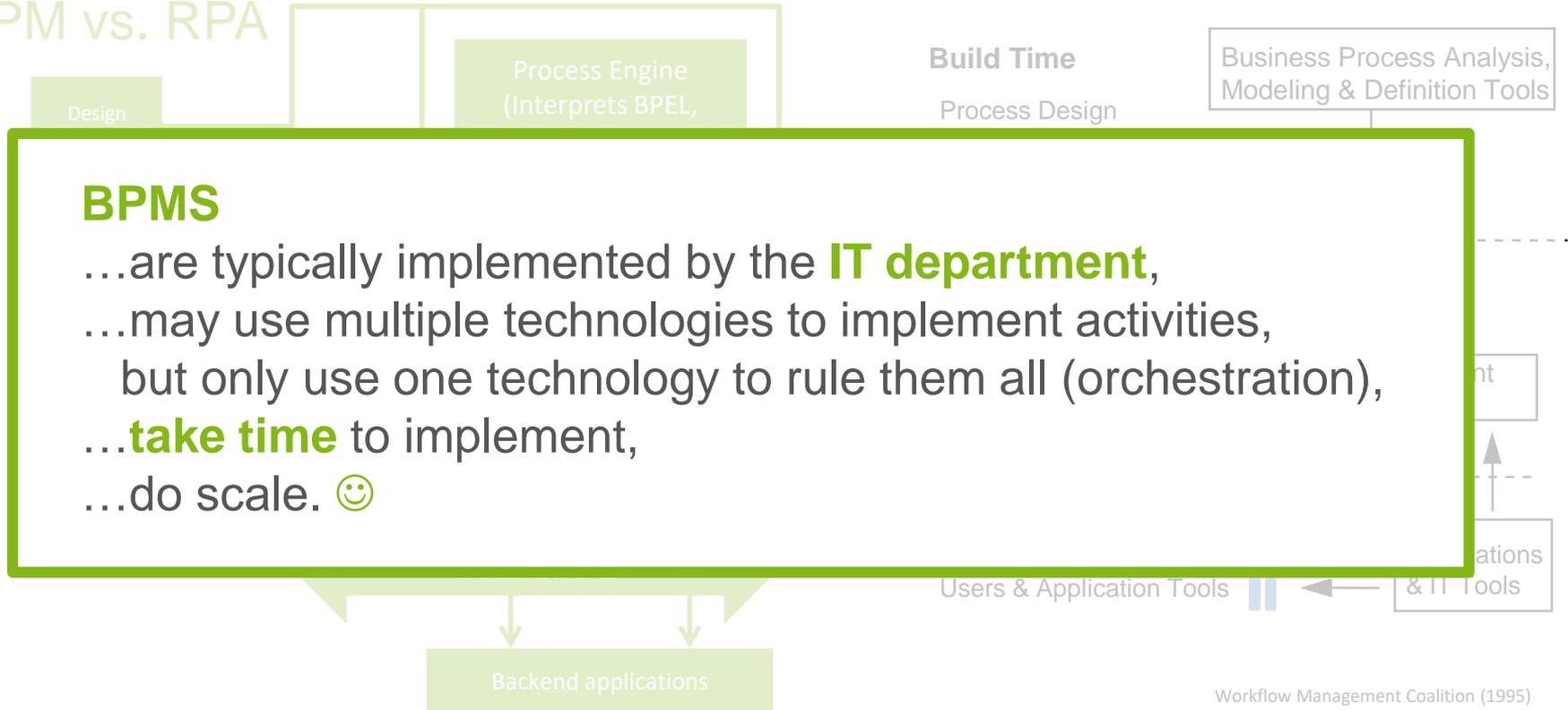
### Run Time

Interaction with  
Users & Application Tools

Applications  
& IT Tools

Workflow Management Coalition (1995)

## BPM vs. RPA

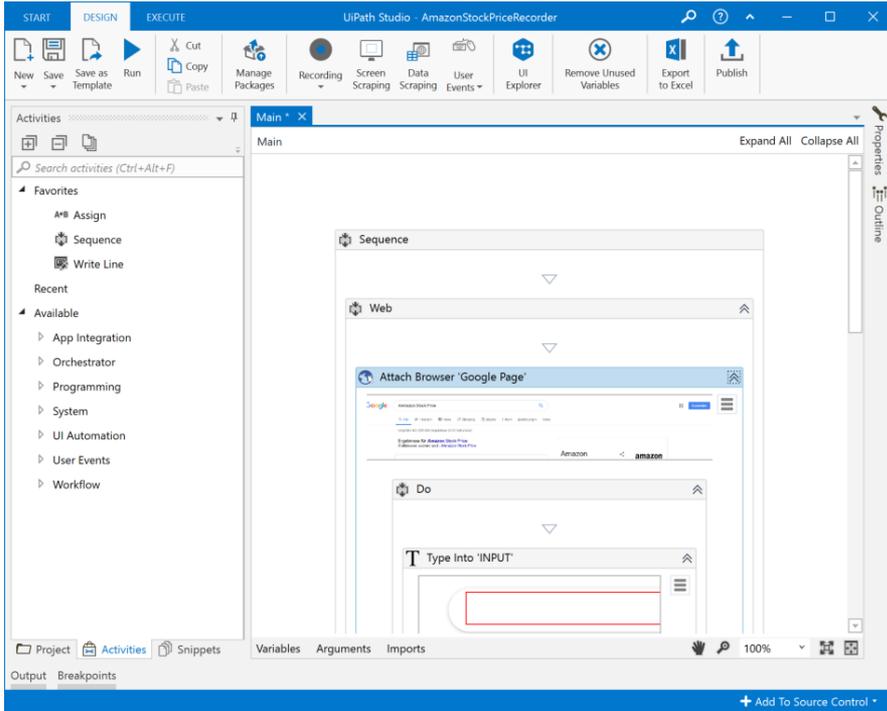


Workflow Management Coalition (1995)

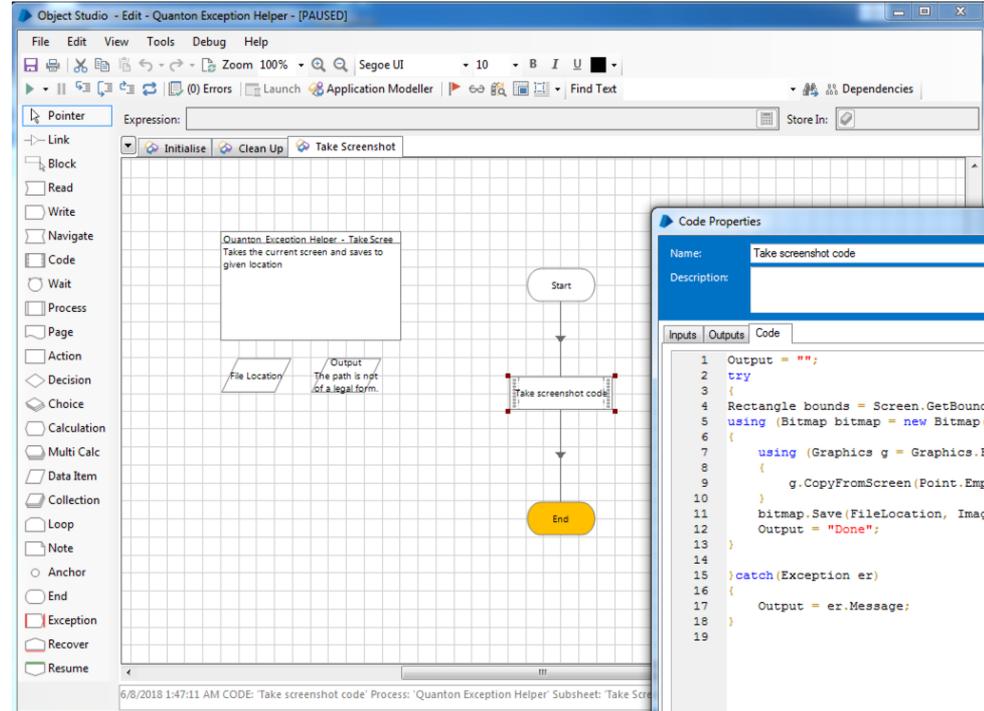
# Robotic Process Automation



- Develop an automation (=robot) that is **functionally equivalent to a human** (acting in a specific business process)
- Characteristics of (ro)bots
  - RPA bots are **software** (robots)
  - RPA bots access only the **user interface**
  - RPA bots **execute activities** using **some rules**
  - RPA is **elastic** (one system, multiple bots)
- Result
  - **Scalable automation without change in legacy systems**



The screenshot shows the UiPath Studio interface for a project named "AmazonStockPriceRecorder". The main workspace displays a workflow diagram with a "Sequence" container, a "Web" container, and a "Do" container. The "Web" container includes an "Attach Browser 'Google Page'" activity, and the "Do" container includes a "Type into 'INPUT'" activity. The left sidebar shows the "Activities" pane with categories like Favorites, Recent, and Available. The top menu bar includes options like START, DESIGN, and EXECUTE.



The screenshot shows the Object Studio interface for editing a "Take Screenshot" activity. The main workspace displays a flowchart with a "Start" node, a "Take screenshot code" activity, and an "End" node. The activity is currently paused. The right sidebar shows the "Code Properties" pane, which displays the C# code for the activity. The code includes a try-catch block for handling exceptions.

```

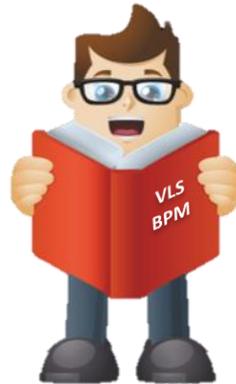
1 Output = "";
2 try
3 {
4   Rectangle bounds = Screen.GetBound
5   using (Bitmap bitmap = new Bitmap(
6     using (Graphics g = Graphics.F
7     {
8       g.CopyFromScreen(Point.Empty
9     }
10  )
11  bitmap.Save(FileLocation, Imag
12  Output = "Done";
13  }
14  ) catch (Exception ex)
15  {
16    Output = ex.Message;
17  }
18  }
19
  
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates: "6/8/2018 1:47:11 AM CODE: 'Take screenshot code' Process: 'Qanton Exception Helper' Subsheet: 'Take Screenshot'"

## Summary

- **“Digitalization is eating traditional BPM”**
  - Companies cannot lean back and manage only a handful of processes at a time
  - Companies have to deal with bottom-up initiatives
- **Bi-modal BPM can address both, the short head and long tail**
  - Guidance necessary for organizational, methodological & technological, as well as cultural implementation of Bi-modal BPM
- **RPA provides a technology to address the long tail**
  - Companies require guidance for intelligent process selection (and implementation)
  - Check Wanner et al. (2019) & Herm et al. (2020, 2021) but that’s another story...
- **Caveats!**
  - Bi-modal BPM principles only provide high level guidance
  - RPA long-term costs and benefits have not been sufficiently investigated

## Do you have any questions?





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